



INTERVENTIONAL VASCULAR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPY

SeQuent® Please NEO

CLINICALLY PROVEN DRUG COATED BALLOON CATHETER

SeQuent® Please NEO

CUTTING-EDGE DRUG COATED BALLOON CATHETER

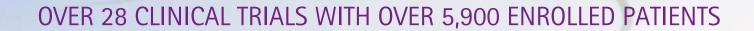
THE SECOND GENERATION DCB

Outstanding performance:

- Advanced crossing properties
- Improved pushability
- Hydrophilic shaft coating
- Reduced balloon wall thickness

Clinically proven indications:

- In-stent restenosis
- De novo
- Small vessel disease
- Bifurcations

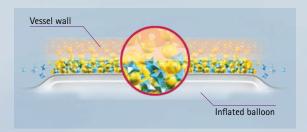


IMPLANT-FREE WITH SeQuent® Please NEO

No stent-related complications and only **1-month DAPT** for the treatment with DCB-only

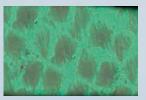
Clinically proven Paclitaxel and lopromide coating

The matrix coating of Paclitaxel and lopromide ensures the effective drug release into the vessel wall.



Homogenous drug delivery -4

Only a "single shot" drug delivery with SeQuent® Please NEO is needed to ensure a sustained antiproliferative effect. A short inflation time of only 30 seconds proved to be sufficient to inhibit cell proliferation.



Stent struts of a DES lead to an inhomogenous drug distribution pattern. About 85 % of the vascular wall is not covered by the struts resulting in low drug tissue level.



Homogenous drug distribution with SeQuent® Please NEO.

PROVEN LATE LUMEN ENLARGEMENT

SeQuent® Please NEO supports the inherent mechanism of natural vessel restoration and leads to late lumen enlargement

Clinical trial to study late lumen enlargement of de novo lesions after DCB-only⁶



| Angiographic Measure | Minimal Lumen Diameter in mm | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Pre-treatment | 0.81 ± 0.47 | | | |
| Post-treatment | 1.75 ± 0.58 | | | |
| 4-month follow-up | 1.91 ± 0.55 | | | |
| p-value pre vs. post | < 0.001 | | | |
| p-value post vs. 4-month follow-up | < 0.001 | | | |

Late lumen enlargement after 4 months

+ 0.16 mm

- •• Axel DI et al. Circulation 1997; 96: 636-45. | Hwang CW et al. Circulation 2004; 104: 600-5. | Scheller B et al. Circulation 2004; 110: 810-4. | Scheller B et al. Heart 2007; 93: 539-41.
- Kleber F et al. Clin Res Cardiol 2015; 104: 217-25.

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DCB-ONLY TREATMENT

ADVANTAGES OF DCB-ONLY

No unnecessary stent implantation

- No inflammation due to a foreign body implant
- No risk of stent thrombosis
- No stent-related limitations for further treatment
- No stent edge effect

Efficacy of DCB

- Enable positive remodeling
- Keep natural vessel vasomotion
- Only 1-month DAPT: Cost efficacy studies ongoing

DCB-only provides the standard of care for all patients with high bleeding risks and atrial fibrillation[®]

METHODOLOGY®

LESION PREPARATION

Pre-dilation with

PTCA Balloon | Non-Compliant Balloon | Scoring Balloon

Ratio balloon-vessel-diameter 0.8 - 1.0, inflation pressure > nominal

Acceptable angiographic result: No dissection or only type A or B; TIMI III; residual stenosis ≤ 30 % Unacceptable angiographic result: Dissection type C - F; TIMI < III; residual stenosis > 30 %

DCB-only with SeQuent® Please NEO

- DCB distal and proximal at least 2 3 mm longer than pre-dilated area
- Ratio balloon-vessel-diameter 0.8 1.0
- Inflation pressure 8 10 atm, time 30 seconds

Stenting

DES implantation Coroflex® ISAR NEO

DAPT DCB-only:

1 month

BMS-ISR:

1 month

DES-ISR:

Duration defined by DES

but at least 1 month

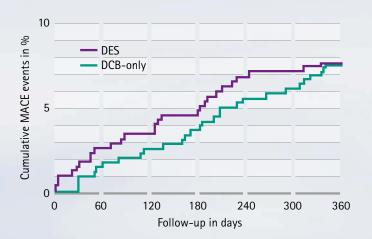
DAPT according to current guideline

O Valgimigli M et al. European Heart Journal 2018; 39(3): 213-60.

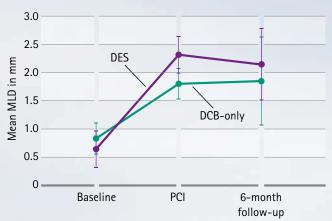
[•] Kleber F et al. Clin Res Cardiol 2013; 102: 785-97.

GO IMPLANT-FREE

BASKET-SMALL 2: Randomized clinical trial for DCB-only vs. DES in de novo lesions (small vessel disease)[®]



OCTOPUS II: Clinical trial using OCT to evaluate the use of DCB without stenting in de novo lesions⁹



Primary endpoint: MACE at 12-month follow-up in %

| DES (Xience/ Taxus® Element™) | 7.54 |
|--------------------------------|------|
| DCB-only (SeQuent® Please NEO) | 7.57 |
| p-value | 0.92 |

DCB-only is non-inferior to DES in de novo lesions up to 3 mm

H

Primary endpoint: Late Lumen Loss at 6-month follow-up in mm

| DES (Xience) | 0.16 ± 0.15 | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| DCB-only (SeQuent® Please) | -0.13 ± 0.44 | | | |
| p-value | < 0.05 | | | |

DCB-only achieves long-term late lumen gain contrary to DES

- ¹ Jeger R et al. The Lancet 2018; 392(10150): 849-56.
- Poerner T et al. Clin Res Cardiol 2017; 106: 18-27.
- Poerner T et al. CCI 2014; 7(6): 760-7.

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CLINICALLY PROVEN INDICATIONS

IN-STENT RESTENOSIS

Patient: Male, 55 years

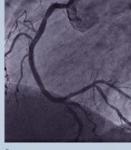
Indication: ISR of BMS (3.5 x 15 mm) implanted

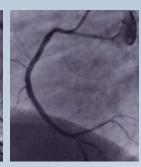
2 years ago

Procedure: Pre-dilation 3.5 x 15 mm PTCA balloon

DCB-only SeQuent® Please (3.5 x 20 mm) proximal lesion DCB-only SeQuent® Please (3.5 x 15 mm) distal lesion







Pre-treatment

Post-treatment

4-month follow-up

Drug coated balloons are recommended for the treatment of in-stent restenosis (BMS or DES) by the ESC Guidelines[®]





507-511,524

DE NOVO LESION

Patient: Female, 67 years

Indication: De novo stenosis of obtuse marginal

branch

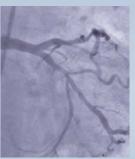
Procedure: Pre-dilation 2.5 x 15 mm PTCA balloon

DCB-only SeQuent® Please

(2.5 x 20 mm)







Post-treatment



4-month follow-up

BIFURCATION

Patient: Male, 54 years

Indication: Stenoses of mid circumflex artery (CX)

and its posterolateral branch (PL-CX)

Procedure: Pre-dilation 2.5 x 20 mm PTCA balloon

of CX

DCB-only SeQuent® Please (3.0 x 15 mm) of PL-CX DCB-only SeQuent® Please (3.0 x 20 mm) of CX



Pre-treatment



Post-treatment



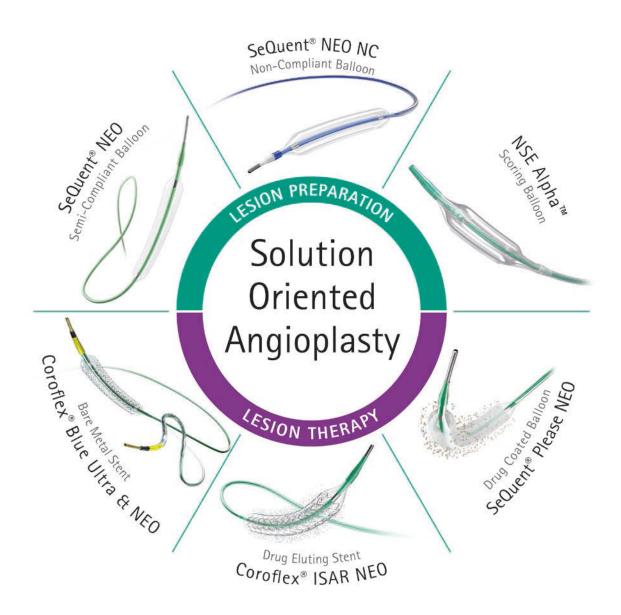
4-month follow-up

Windecker S et al. European Heart Journal 2014; 35: 2541-619.

| Balloon | Balloon Length | | | | | | Nominal | Rated Burst | |
|----------|----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Diameter | 10 mm | 15 mm | 20 mm | 25 mm | 30 mm | 35 mm | 40 mm | Pressure | Pressure |
| 2.0 mm | 5023200 | 5023210 | 5023220 | 5023230 | 5023240 | 5023250 | 5023260 | 6 atm | 14 atm |
| 2.25 mm | 5023201 | 5023211 | 5023221 | 5023231 | 5023241 | 5023251 | 5023261 | 6 atm | 14 atm |
| 2.5 mm | 5023202 | 5023212 | 5023222 | 5023232 | 5023242 | 5023252 | 5023262 | 6 atm | 14 atm |
| 2.75 mm | 5023203 | 5023213 | 5023223 | 5023233 | 5023243 | 5023253 | 5023263 | 6 atm | 14 atm |
| 3.0 mm | 5023204 | 5023214 | 5023224 | 5023234 | 5023244 | 5023254 | 5023264 | 6 atm | 14 atm |
| 3.5 mm | 5023206 | 5023216 | 5023226 | 5023236 | 5023246 | 5023256 | 5023266 | 6 atm | 14 atm |
| 4.0 mm | 5023207 | 5023217 | 5023227 | 5023237 | 5023247 | 5023257 | 5023267 | 6 atm | 14 atm |

| Technical Data | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Proximal shaft | 1.9 F |
| Distal shaft | 2.5 F |
| Usable length | 145 cm |
| Balloon crossing profile | 0.033" - 0.037" |
| Lesion entry profile | 0.016" |
| Guiding catheter compatibility | 5 F standard guiding catheter |
| Guidewire compatibility | 0.014" |
| Rated burst pressure [RBP] | 14 atm |
| Nominal pressure [NP] | 6 atm |





Distributor

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Manufacturer acc. to MDD 93/42/EEC of SeQuent® Please NEO is the B. Braun Melsungen AG, Carl-Braun-Str. 1, 34212 Melsungen, Germany.

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